

# **AddMore Federation**

Progression of Music Curriculum Skills from EYFS to Key Stage Two

#### Progression Scheme for KS1 and KS2

Following changes to Ofsted's Education Inspection Framework and the introduction of the Deep Dive in 2019, this Progression of Music Curriculum Skills was written to support teachers with a standardised background document linked to the National Curriculum. The Progression scheme was based on the ISM's Assessment and Progression Framework (2014), which divides the curriculum into the four musical activities of Singing, Playing, Improvising & Composing, and Critical Engagement (Listening & Appraising). Each activity has a table of skills statements from EYFS to Key Stage 2 which are linked to the National Curriculum and divided into 'Area of Study' rows. Each Area of Study has a code (e.g. S.1, S.2 for Singing skills) which teachers are encouraged to use in lesson planning as a simple way to refer to the Progression.

The Progression scheme is divided into columns called Stages A, B, C and D, which essentially refer to EYFS, KS1, Lower KS2 and Upper KS2, respectively. However, since it concerns general musical development, 'Stages' can be used when teaching pupils with SEND where progress does not need to be age-related.

Following the publication of the new Early Learning Goals (statutory from September 2021), the Early Years Foundation Stage (Stage A) column of the Progression was substantially rewritten in September 2020 to separate Nursery, Pre-school, and Reception teaching. This current document contains both Progression for KS1 to KS2 (pages 3 to 8) and the updated Progression for EYFS (pages 9 to 15).

Finally, with the publication in March 2021 of the Model Music Curriculum, a gap was identified in the Progression in the inclusion of Music Technology. This has been provisionally included in italics, subject to review.

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# **National Curriculum Links**

KS1	Pupils should be taught to:
la	Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes
1b	Play tuned and untuned instruments musically
1c	Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music
1d	Experiment with, create, select, and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.
KS2	Pupils should be taught to:
2a	Play and perform in solo and ensembles context, using their voices and playing musical
	instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control, and expression.
2b	Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of
2c	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.
2d	Use and understand staff and other musical notations
2e	Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn
	from different traditions and from great composers and musicians.
2f	Develop and understanding of the history of music.

# **Progression Scheme for Singing**

STAGES		STAGE B		STAGE C		STAGE D
Areas of Study	NC	KS1 Y1 WC Ukulele /Y2 - Curriculum	NC		NC	Upper KS2
S.1 Engagement and Using the Voice	1 a 1	Enjoys joining in with chants, rhymes and singing simple songs.  Uses own voice in a variety of ways, with growing confidence, exploring the sounds a speaking, and singing voice make.	2a 2e 2f 2 a	Sings, with increasing confidence, fluency and expression, songs from different traditions, genre, and times. Uses own voice in a variety of ways, including vocal warm ups.	2a 2e 2f 2a	Sings confidently, fluently and maintaining a strong pulse, songs from a range of traditions, genre, and times. Understands why and how to warm up the voice.
S.2 Pitch Skills	1a	Sings broadly in tune within a limited pitch range (octave) and with the sense of the shape of a melody or intervals jumps.  Imitates melodic patterns in	2 a 2 c	Sings accurately in tune within a limited pitch range, following a melody or interval jumps.	2a	Sings accurately in tune within a wider pitch range (*octave and half*) and appropriate individual vocal range.
S.3 Singing with Control and Expression	1a	Begins to control steady expressive changes in songs and chants (e.g. dynamics, tempo).	2a	Sings songs and speaks chants with increasing expression (e.g. dynamics, tone, phrasing).	2a	Uses dynamics, phrasing, emphasis, and accents to create intended effects.
			2a	Sings with clear diction and breathing.	2a	Sings with an awareness of
S.4 Ensemble skills and part-singing	1a	Sings in unison, in small and large groups, and may sing solo.	2a	Sings in unison and in short solos.	2a	Sings confidently in unison and solo.
	la	Sings in time with others, with or without an accompaniment.	2 a 2 c	Maintains a simple part in a large group with two or more layers (rounds, drones, and ostinato).	2a 2c	Maintains an independent part in a small group with several layers and being aware of other parts (rounds, drones, ostinato, and harmony).
	la	Follows simple musical		Follows musical instructions (e.g. dynamic changes).	2a	Follows more complex musical instructions (e.g. in part singing).
S.5 Performing	1a	Performs in a group with a good sense of pulse and rhythm, knowing when to start and stop.	2a	Performs confidently in a group and may occasionally perform a solo.	2a	Performs confidently in a group and solo with expression and variety.

	la	Beginning to be aware of an audience during special performances.	2a	Shows an awareness of audience and a sense of occasion during special performances.	2a	Performs in a way that reflects the meaning and impact of the lyrics to an audience.
S.6 Understanding song structure	1c	Recognises the sections of a song may be the same or different (e.g. verse and chorus, cumulative song).	2 a 2 c	Recognises different song structures (call and response, verse, and chorus, cumulative).	2 a 2 c	Understands more complex song structures.
			2 a	Differentiates between contrasting sections (e.g. verse and chorus) and show awareness of simple phrase structure or repetition.	2a	Identifies phrases through breathing appropriately.

# **Progression Scheme for Playing**

STAGES		STAGE B		STAGE C		STAGE D
Areas of Study	NC	K\$1 Y1 WC Ukulele /Y2 - Curriculum	NC	Lower KS2 Y3 WC Recorder/Y4 - Curriculum	NC	Upper KS2 Y5 WC Percussion/Y6 - Curriculum
P.1 Creating and Exploring Sound	1 b 1	Enjoys playing and exploring sounds.	2a 2b	Confidently explores and creates sounds, including with music technology.	2a 2b	Creates and performs sounds with accuracy including with music technology.
P.2 Controlling Sounds on Instruments	1b	Keeps a steady pulse	2a 2c	Plays a steady beat, internalising pulse.  Indicates steady beat by movement including in silence	2a 2c	Plays with others keeping to a common pulse
	1b 1b	Controls and demonstrates changes in dynamics and tempo  Shows control, playing clearly and with increasing	2a 2b			Plays instruments with confidence and expression
	1 b 1 d	confidence  Selects instrumental timbres to create sound effects  Selects high/low ascending/		Selects and controls beats, chords or loops in music technology programmes.		Selects and controls beats, chords, effects, and loops effectively in music technology programmes.
P.3 Rhythm Skills	1b 1c 1b	Responds to sounds of different duration  Recognises difference between long and short sounds  Recognises and copies simple patterns of	2a	Performs simple rhythmic patterns and ostinati to an internalised pulse		Performs complex rhythmic patterns to an internalised pulse Recognises a metre of 3 & 4 Recognises a change in metre
P.4 Pitch Skills	1b 1d 1b	Identifies and selects high/low high/low ascending/ descending pitches where appropriate.  Plays simple melodic patterns	2a	Performs simple melodies and pitched ostinati to an internalised pulse	2 a 2 c	Performs complex melodies and pitched accompaniments to an internalised pulse

P.5	1b	Follows instructions on when to	2a	Follows a leader directing	2a	Leads a group and follows a leader
Ensemble skills		play		changes and start/stops.		directing changes in musical
			2a	Maintains own part in a group	2a	expression Maintains an
			2b	piece playing rhythm on rhythm	2b	independent part in an ensemble
			<u>2c</u>	and holding a beat	2c	
			2a	Recognises the melodic line and an	2c	Understands how the texture might vary
			2c	accompaniment in a texture		-
P.6 Playing from Notation	16	Plays from a picture score	2d	Plays using various notation as support (Graphic scores, rhythm notation e.g. crotchets and quavers)	2d	Plays using notation as support (Staff & rhythm notation, graphic scores)
P.7	1b	Performs in a group with good	2a	Performs with an awareness of a	2a	Performs confidently in a group and
Performing		sense of pulse and rhythm		group and to an audience		solo, with expression and variety.
P.8	1b	Matches selected sounds with	2b	Selects appropriate instruments	2a	Organises sounds effectively using a
Understanding	1d	their pictured source		and plays in a variety of ways	2b	variety of instruments or music
instruments and						technology and styles
how they are	1b	Uses sound words or phrases				
played	1d	to describe selected sounds				
		and the ways in which they				

# Progression Scheme for Improvising and Composing

STAGES	STAGE B		STAGE C			STAGE D	
Areas of Study	NC	K\$1 Y1 WC Ukulele /Y2 - Curriculum	NC	Lower KS2 Y3 WC Recorder/Y4 - Curriculum	NC	Upper KS2 Y5 WC Percussion/Y6 - Curriculum	
IC.1 Exploring Sounds	1a 1b 1d	Explores sounds with voice, body, or instruments	2a 2b	Explores and improvises sounds or musical patterns with voice, body or instruments and music technology.	2b	Selects and use instruments, creative sound-makers, and music technology, or playing techniques to improvise sounds or patterns.	
IC.2 Choosing and Organising Sounds	1d	Selects sounds to represent ideas and feelings.	2b	Selects and orders sounds effectively to represent ideas or feelings, or to tell a story.	2a 2b	Selects, orders, combines, and changes sounds, imaginatively and with expression, to represent ideas, moods, or feelings, or tell a story.	
IC.3 Creating music within structures	la ld	Improvises within given songs, chants or ostinati.	2a 2b	Creates rhythms, melodies, lyrics, loops, or accompaniments within simple or given musical structures.	2a 2b	Creates and combines rhythms, melodies, harmonies, loops, or lyrics within own musical pieces effectively.	
IC.4 Improvising to demonstrate musical ideas	1b 1d	Improvises to demonstrate a simple musical idea (loud/quiet, fast/slow, high/low).	2a 2b	Improvises, with growing confidence and control with voice, instruments, or music technology to demonstrate musical changes or contrasts.	2a 2b	Improvises imaginatively and expressively with voice, instruments or music technology using inter-related dimensions of music.	
IC.5 Communicating ideas or moods	lb ld	Improvises or composes to communicate ideas or moods.	2a 2b	Improvises and composes effectively to communicate ideas or moods	2b	Improvises and composes imaginatively to communicate ideas & moods	
IC.6 Improvising rhythms & tunes	1b 1d	Improvises simple rhythms or tunes	2a 2b	Improvises with growing confidence rhythms or simple tunes within musical structures (e.g. a beat, ostinato, or chord sequence)	2a 2b	Improvises rhythms and tunes within musical structures (e.g. a beat, ostinato, or chord sequence) confidently and imaginatively.	
IC.7 Creating and Performing own music in a group	1d	Contributes ideas to a composition and perform this solo or as a class or group.	2a 2b	Composes and performs solo or with class or group, contributing ideas to create songs, chants, or pieces.	2a 2b	Composes and perform solos and with others effectively and imaginatively to create songs, chants, or pieces	
IC.8 Using Notation	1d	Uses pictures, graphic symbols, or rhythm notation as support to improvise, compose or record own music.	2b 2d	Uses given or own notation (graphic symbols or rhythm notation) to improvise, compose and record compositions.	2b 2d	Uses notation (graphic scores, rhythm, or staff notation) to support & record composition to improvise, compose and record own	

# Progression Scheme for Critical Engagement (Listening and Appraising)

STAGES		STAGE B		STAGE C	STAGE D	
Area of Study	NC	K\$1 Y1 WC Ukulele /Y2 - Curriculum	NC	Lower KS2 Y3 WC Recorder/Y4 - Curriculum	NC	Upper KS2 Y5 WC Percussion/Y6 - Curriculum
CE.1 Listening to a Range of Live, Recorded, and own Music.	1c	Listens with growing focus to a range to high quality live and recorded music.	2c 2e 2f	Listens to, and comments on, high quality live and recorded music from different traditions, genre, styles and times with increasing focus and attention to detail.	2c 2e 2f	Listens to and evaluates a range of high quality live and recorded music from different traditions, genre, styles and times with concentration and discernment, and share opinions, using musical language.
CE.2 Differentiating between Sounds	1c	Listens out for, and responds to, sounds that differ, e.g. in dynamics, pitch, timbre, tempo, etc.	2c	Listens to several layers of sound, identifying musical elements or features and discussing their effect.	2c	Listens to several layers of sound, identifying musical elements or features, discussing their effect, and justifying ideas.
CE.3 Recognising and Recalling	1c	Recalls simple rhythmic and melodic phrases.	2c	Listens and recalls simple tunes, played or notated rhythms with increasing accuracy	2c	Listens and accurately recalls melodies, rhythms, notated music, or separate parts in a group.
CE.4 Responding through movement  CE.5 Describing and	1c	Responds to sounds or music through physical movements.  Listens and shares comments and opinions about music, including to	2c 2c	Responds to music through movement to show understanding of mood, ideas, or musical features (e.g. beat, crescendos).  Listens to own music, commenting on it in order to improve it.	2c 2c	Responds to music through movement to show understanding of mood, ideas, or musical features (e.g. beat, crescendos).  Listens to own work and others with discernment, and share opinions,
appraising		own work.				using these ideas to improve own work.

# Progression for Early Years Foundation Stage / Stage A

from Birth to Reception Year

Children aged 0-5 are classed as being in the **Early Years Foundation Stage**, the final year being Reception.

The Early Years Framework is statutory for anyone teaching in this age group: <u>Statutory framework for the early years foundation stage (publishing.service.gov.uk)</u> (National Curriculum starts in Year 1). The framework has been revised and updated with the latest version becoming statutory 1st September 2021.

Within the framework are 7 areas of Learning and Development, split into prime areas and specific areas:

- PRIME AREAS: 1) Communication and Language, 2) Physical Development, 3) Personal, Social, and Emotional Development,
- SPECIFIC AREAS: 4) Literacy, 5) Mathematics, 6) Understanding the World and 7) Expressive Arts and Design.

The **Early Learning Goals** (**ELGs**) are the **goals** (or targets) for children to achieve at the end of their Reception year. They will be working towards these **goals** throughout the EYFS. The ELG's are <u>not designed to be a curriculum but to support teachers</u>. They are used more as an assessment tool.

The Early Years Outcomes, Development Matters 2020 (Dr Julian Grenier et al.) <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/development-matters--2">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/development-matters--2</a>

Musical Development Matters by Nicola Burke <a href="https://www.early-education.org.uk/musical-development-matters-download">https://www.early-education.org.uk/musical-development-matters-download</a>

and Birth to Five Matters <a href="https://www.eyalliance.org.uk/changes-eyfs-2021">https://www.eyalliance.org.uk/changes-eyfs-2021</a> are all non-statutory guidance to help practitioners see what expected development might look like in each of the 7 areas of learning and development and how to provide enabling environments for progress to happen.

#### "Expressive Arts and Design

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to, and observe."

#### Within the 7 Areas there are 17 ELG's:

1 COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE - PRIME	Children at the expected level of development will:							
Listening, attention and	1a listen attentively and respond appropriately when being read to and during whole class discussions and small groups							
understanding	1b make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding							
	1c hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers							
Speaking	2a participate in small group, class and 1 to 1 discussion offering their own ideas using new vocabulary							
	2b offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of new vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes, and poems where appropriate							
	2c express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences including accurate use of past present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions with modelling and support from their teacher							
2 PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT - PR	RIME							
Gross motor skills	3a negotiate space and obstacles safely with consideration for themselves and others							
	3b demonstrate strength balance and coordination when playing							
	3c move energetically such as skipping running jumping dancing hopping skipping and climbing							
Fine motor skill	4a hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing-using the tripod grip in almost all cases							
	4b use a range of small tools including scissors paint brushes and cutlery							
3 PSED - PRIME								
Self-regulation	5a show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others and be.g.in to regulate their behaviour according							
	5b set and work towards a simple goal, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses							
	5c give focussed attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions							
Managing Self	6a be confident to try new activities and show independence resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge							
	6b explain the reason for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly							
	6c manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs including dressing going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.							
Building relationships	7a work and play cooperatively and take turns with others							
	7b form positive attachments and friendships							
	7c show sensitivities to others needs							
4 LITERACY - SPECIFIC								
Comprehension	8a demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduce vocabulary							
	8b anticipate - where appropriate - key events in stories,							
	8c use and understand recently introduce vocabulary during discussions about stories nonfiction rhymes and poems							
Word reading	9a say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 diagraphs							
	<u> </u>							

	9b read words consistent with their phonetic knowledge by sounds blending							
	9c read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge including some common							
Writing	10 1							
willing	10a write recognisable letters most of which are correctly forms  10b spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters							
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i							
5 NUMBER A GV. CRECUEIO	10c write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others							
5 NUMERACY – SPECIFIC								
Number	11a have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number							
	11b subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5							
	11c automatically recall (without reference to rhyme, counting or other aides) number bonds to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10 including double facts							
Numerical patterns	12a count confidently beyond 20 recognising the pattern of the counting system							
·	12bcompare sets of objects up to 10 in different contexts considering size							
	12c explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally							
6 <b>UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD</b> – SPECIFIC								
Past and present	13a talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society							
	13b know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now drawing on their experiences and what							
	13c recall some important narratives characters and figures from the past encountered in books read in class							
People culture and	14a describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observations discussion stories non-fiction texts and							
communities	14b know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country							
	drawing on their experience and what was read in class							
	14c explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries drawing on							
	knowledge from stories nonfiction texts and-when appropriate- maps							
The natural world	15a explore the natural world around than making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants							
	15b know some similarities between the natural world around them and contrasting environments drawing on their							
	experience and what has been read in class							
	15c understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them including the seasons and							
7 <b>EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN</b> – SPECIFIC								
Creating with materials	16a draw and paint using a range of material tools and techniques experimenting with colour design texture form and							
	16b share their creations explaining the process they have used							
	16c make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories							
Being imaginative and	17a invent adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher							
expressive	17b sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs							
	17c perform songs rhymes poems and stories with others and-when appropriate- try to move in time with music.							

# Progression of Music Curriculum Skills for Early Years Foundation Stage or Stage A

SINGING	0 - 1 Years	1 - 2 Years	2 - 4 Years	ELG	Reception
S.1 Engagement and Using the Voice	Imitates the caregivers' voice. Vocalises using a variety of different sounds e.g. crying, vowel like sounds and syllable like sounds.	Creates sound effects of animals e.g. roar, baa baa. Anticipates and sings certain words in songs.	Vocalises freely within play. Enjoys joining in with known songs and rhymes but maybe not all the way through.	17b	Enjoys joining in with familiar rhymes and songs with near pitch accuracy.  Makes a variety of vocal sounds including speaking and singing
S.2 Pitch Skills	Vocalises aspects of singing e.g. up/down	Singing emerges.	Begins to sing cuckoo notes. May be able to sing nearly an entire song but not necessarily in tune.	17b	Sings cuckoo notes (3 <sup>rd</sup> ) Sings a widening range of notes (5 <sup>th</sup> ), following the melodic shape of a familiar song. Pitch matches most of
S.3 Singing with Control and Expression	Imitates the melodic shape of another voice. Uses voice to communicate.	Singing emerges. Vocalises whilst engaged in other activity e.g. playing instruments	May be able to sing nearly an entire song.	1b,c 2a,c 6a 17	Begins to enjoy experimenting with changing a song (e.g. dynamics, tempo).
S.4 Ensemble Skills and Part- Singing	When vocalising can 'take turn' with care giver. Makes a sound to get a response.  Starts and stops with support.	Begins to respond to others during music making e.g. copying an adult/child that is not family.  Starts and stops with	Sings and chants with and to others not necessarily in tune all the way through.  Starts and stops with increasingly less support.	5a b 7a,b	Enjoys taking turns. Enjoys singing with others, gradually more in time and in tune. Internalises songs Starts and stops to a variety of signals.
S.5 Performing	Enjoys performing to an audience as part of a group.	Enjoys performing to, and with, caregivers. Joins in with action songs singing some words and performing	Enjoys sharing learnt songs with familiar people in informal situations.	5b 17c	Sings solo in a variety of situations. Performs in a group to an audience
S.6 Understanding Song Structure	Begins to anticipate certain words/phrases in familiar songs. Enjoys play songs	Anticipates and sings certain words in songs	Anticipates and sings words and some phrases in songs.	1a 8b 17b	Grasps simple structures (e.g. verse & chorus AB)

PLAYING	0-1 Years	1-2 Years	2-4 Years	ELG	Reception
P.1 Creating and Exploring	Explores the environment around them by banging on things and shaking	Explores the environment around them by banging on things and shaking them. Vocalises and sings whilst	Experiments with a wider range of instruments and sound sources. Experiments with how to play them.	4b 17	Makes sounds confidently in different contexts by banging, shaking, or blowing using body and objects.
P.2 Controllin g Sounds on Instrument	Engages through imitation. Begins to hold small instruments in each hand	Plays with both hands simultaneously whilst using beaters. Uses instruments in a range of ways.	Engages through imitation. Moves between keeping the beat and not keeping the beat. Starts to control sound changes whilst playing	1a 4b	Moves towards making regular beats whilst singing or to music listened to.
			Holds instruments more securely including beaters.	2b 4b	Shows control in holding, naming, and playing instruments. Learns how sounds can be changed and plays instruments in a variety of
P.3 Rhythm Skills (playing a pattern, etc)	Experience rhythm through large body actions and through caregiver.	Responds physically to different rhythms.	Attempts to copy simple patterns.	1a	Makes rhythmic patterns by repeating sounds deliberately. Plays chunks of rhythms or syllables of names/words.
P.4 Pitch Skills	Experiences pitch changes through	Explores playing pitched instruments with two beaters,	Holds beaters to play pitched instruments as directed.	4b	Makes melodic patterns by repeating sounds deliberately.
P.5 Ensemble skills	Enjoys turn taking with caregiver. Needs support to start and stop.	Increasingly becomes aware of others music making in a group. Begins to start and stop with support. Deliberately copies sounds, words or vocal noises others make and plays sounds	Develops the idea of stopping when others stop to a signal. Initiates music. Responds to others during music making e.g. playing instruments to and with others.	4b 6b 7a,c	Starts and stop to a variety of signals. Plays instruments with an awareness of others.
P.6 Playing from Notation			Creates visual representation of sounds, instruments, and pieces of music e.g. drawing to a piece of music	2a, c 6a 8c	Changes how they play when following two pictures/symbols (e.g. long/short sounds)
P.7 Performing	Enjoys performing in a variety of situations	Will perform to caregivers.	Leads music for others e.g. be conductor. Follows music led by others.	5b,c 17	Performs with others and follows directions. Performs to an audience in a variety of situations.
P.8 Understandi ng instruments and how	Explores the environment around them by banging on things and shaking them.	Explores the environment around them by banging on things and shaking them.	Experiments with how to play a range of instruments.	2a, c 8c	Copies ways to play instruments and suggests new ways based on knowledge of how instruments work.

IMPROVISING AND COMPOSING	0-1 Years	1-2 Years	2-4 Years	ELG	Reception
IC.1 Exploring Sounds	Babbling starts to resemble speech.	Creates sound effect for toys in their play. Vocalises and sings whilst	Sings to toys and props whilst playing.	2a 6a 17	Experiments with making sounds with voice, body & objects.
IC.2 Choosing and Organising Sounds	Uses sounds for communication.	Creates chosen sounds effects whilst playing.	Uses small chunks of known songs to create 'new' songs. Can add sound effects to stories using instruments	2a 5b 6a 16 b	Uses sounds to symbolise things. Chooses the sound they want e.g. loud or quiet Creates music based on a theme
IC.3 Creating Music Within Structures	Takes turns with caregiver e.g. like in a conversation.	Enjoys turn taking with caregiver often initiating music making.	Reproduces songs in individual ways. Creates songs with a sense of structure e.g. with a beginning and an end.	1a 8b 16b 17	Fills in missing word from a rhyme or song Makes up alternative endings. Creates own songs using familiar structures. Plays instruments to match
1C.4 Improvising to Demonstrate		Combines sections of different known songs into longer songs.	Changes the words to a song.	1a 2a 6a	Makes suggestions. Improvises different ways to play instruments
IC.5 Communicating Ideas or Moods	Uses sounds to communicate with others and sometimes initiates this.	Uses sounds to communicate ideas e.g. roaring when seeing a picture of a dinosaur.	Adds sound effects to stories using instruments, voice, and body percussion.	1 7b, c 17c	Uses sounds to represent ideas. Uses facial expressions or vocal changes to indicate moods or emotions.
IC.6 Improvising Rhythms & Tunes	Rhythms are experienced through the care	May enjoy repeating rhythms.	Creates own patterns in music making.	17a	Improvises new pieces in time and in tune. Taps syllable patterns of words.
IC.7 Creating and Performing own music in a group	Will turn take with caregiver. May initiate musical	May perform own music to caregivers.	Performs to a familiar audience e.g. parents. Contributes to ideas of how to change songs to perform	17 c 6a	Responds to others by making own sound Choreographs own dances.
IC.8 Using Notation			Reorders pictures that represent specific sounds into their own music sequence.	1b 2a 5b 6a 16 b	Selects pictures or symbols to represent sounds and compose music using them.

CRITICAL ENGAGEMENT	0-1 Years	1-2 Years	2-4 Years	ELG	Reception
CE.1 Listening to a Range of Live, Recorded, and	Will turn to face a sound source. Responds emotionally to music.	Indicates which songs/music they would like to hear. Favourites are firmly developed.	Listens for an increasing length of time and show preferences.	la	Attends to music all the way through.
CE.2 Differentiating between Sounds	Listens to, distinguishes, and responds to intonations and	Responds to changes in music.	Shows an interest in the way musical instruments sound. Starts to identify them.	la	Identifies different sounds, e.g. environmental sounds or those that match instruments
CE.3 Recognising and Recalling	Listens attentively when sung to and can anticipate phrases and actions of familiar	Anticipates changes in familiar music e.g. remembers when music will get quieter.	Recalls increasingly longer chunks of familiar songs/chants. Identifies sounds in environment.	8b 17b	Recognises distinctive chunks of music and accurately anticipates changes. Increasingly joins in with regular songs or rhymes.
CE.4 Responding Through Movement	Turns towards a familiar sound. Moves body to sounds they enjoy. Imitates and improvises actions they have observed.	Joins in with actions songs with increasing accuracy. Physically interprets different genres of music.	Moves in response to rhythms. Imitates movement in response to music.  Begins to change actions to changing music.  Begins to tap the pulse whilst listening or singing.	3a,b, c 17 c 3b 3a	Responds to a wide variety of different sounds, regular beats, and patterns of regular change in sound. Combines moving, singing, and playing. Moves in time to the pulse. Imitates a set of dance steps that are associated with
CE.5 Describing and Appraising	Will show caregiver their musical preferences e.g. by smiling, bouncing up and down.	Musical preferences are further developed.	Has favourite pieces of music and songs and can express this through words or actions. Describe music e.g. scary music, happy music	1 2a,b ,c	Describes e.g. the mood of music (e.g. happy) or sounds of instruments e.g. scratchy. Distinguishes and describes changes in music and compares pieces of music.  Thinks more abstractly about music.